


#91

Which two important functions did the storyteller, scribe and the sage perform?

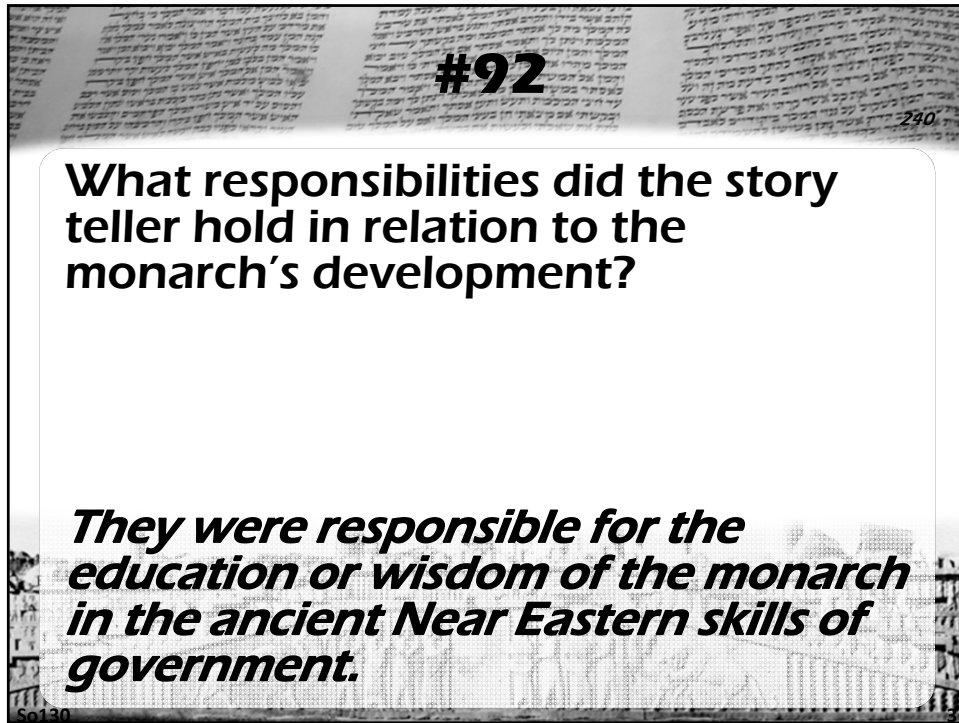


1) Storytellers celebrated their monarchs as stewards of the divine assembly, authorized to feed and protect the land and people of the state

2) Storytellers helped monarchs resolve crisis which threatened the land and the people.

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So130

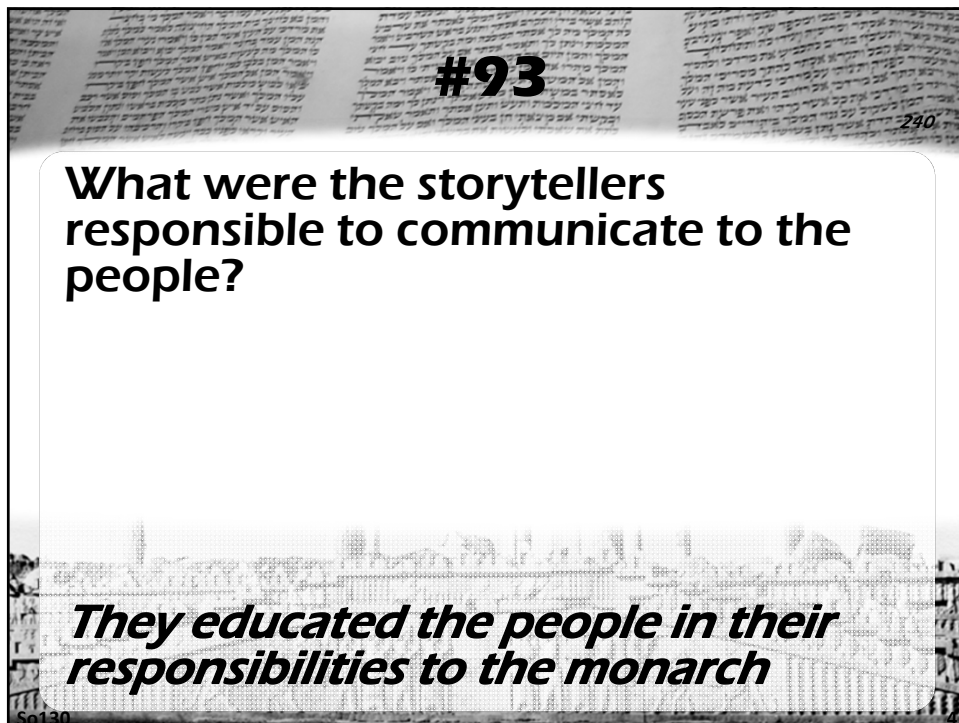


#92

What responsibilities did the story teller hold in relation to the monarch's development?

They were responsible for the education or wisdom of the monarch in the ancient Near Eastern skills of government.

So130



#93

What were the storytellers responsible to communicate to the people?

They educated the people in their responsibilities to the monarch

So130



Where did the storytellers search to prevent a crisis from destroying the state?

Storytellers searched past traditions for wisdom which had been forgotten or ignored and retold the stories of the people looking for new directions in past experiences.



Which two occasions are mentioned as a time for storytelling?



- 1) Death
- 2) War



#96

Who was Josiah's mentor?

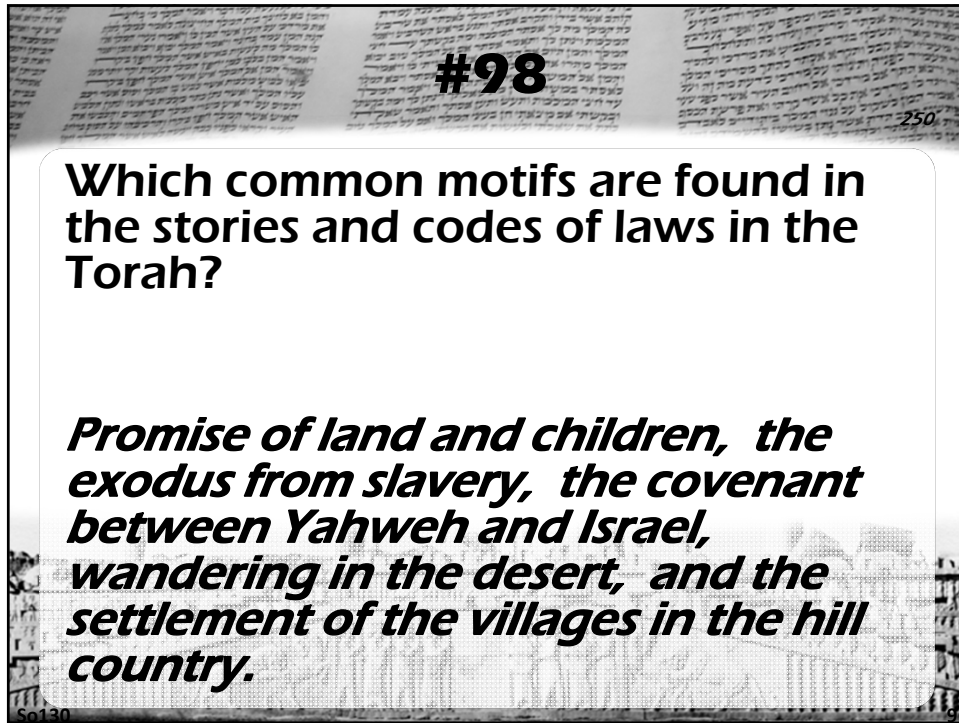
The storyteller Shaphan

#97

What is the TANAK

16 SCROLLS MAKE UP THE TaNaKh (Hebrew Bible)			
1. תורה Torah	2. בראשית Genesis	9. ספר הושע Hosea	10. תהלים Psalms
3. שמות Exodus	4. ויקרא Leviticus	10. ספר יואל Joel	11. משלי Proverbs
5. במדבר Numbers	6. דברים Deuteronomy	11. ספר עמוס Amos	12. איוב Job
7. שופטים Judges	8. שמואל (I & II) Samuel (I & II)	12. ספר יונת Jonah	13. חמשה מגילות Five Megillot
8. מלכים (I & II) Kings (I & II)	9. ישעיהו Isaiah	13. ספר מנחם Micah	14. שיר השירים Song of Songs
9. ירמיהו Jeremiah	10. יחזקאל Ezekiel	14. ספר נחום Nahum	15. קהלת Ecclesiastes
		15. ספר חבקוק Habakkuk	16. אסתר Esther
		16. ספר זכריה Zachariah	17. דניאל Daniel
		17. ספר מלאכי Malachi	18. עזרא ונחמיה Ezra Nehemiah
			19. כרוניקות (I & II) Chronicles (I & II)

Modern reference to the Bible or "Old Testament"



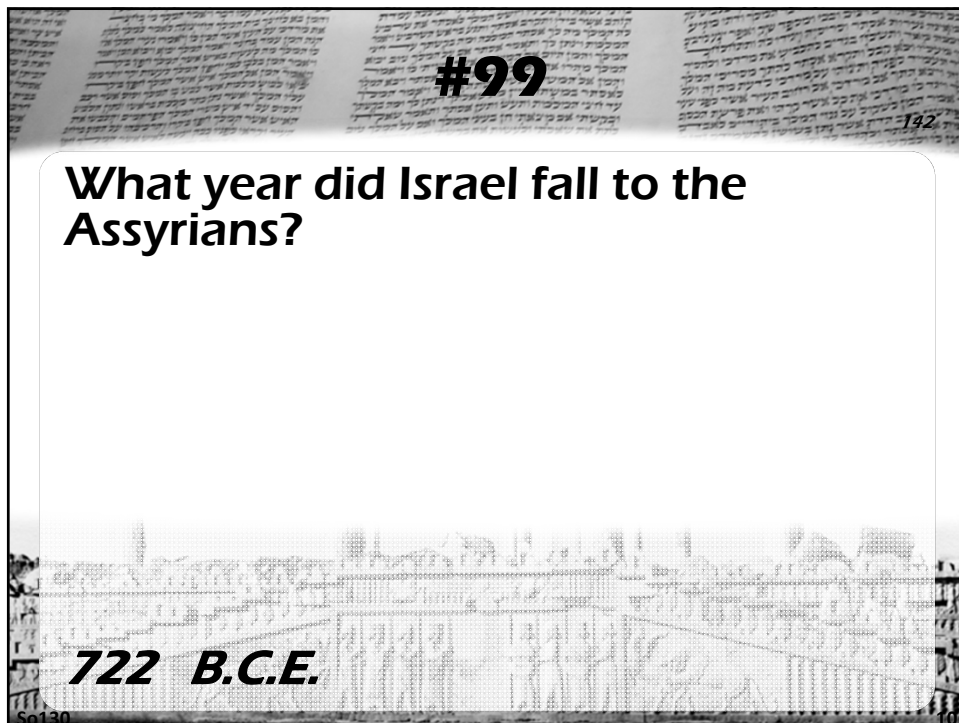
#98

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Which common motifs are found in the stories and codes of laws in the Torah?

Promise of land and children, the exodus from slavery, the covenant between Yahweh and Israel, wandering in the desert, and the settlement of the villages in the hill country.

So130



#99

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What year did Israel fall to the Assyrians?

722 B.C.E.

So130

#100

What kind of religions reform did Hezekiah bring to Judah?

He eliminated the pagan practices permitted by Ahaz.



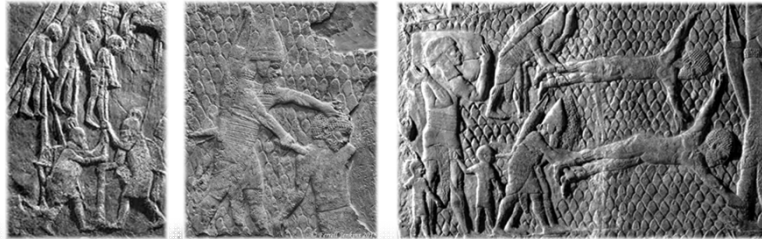
#101

How large was the population of Jerusalem during the time of Hezekiah?

It ranged from fifteen to twenty-five thousand.

#102

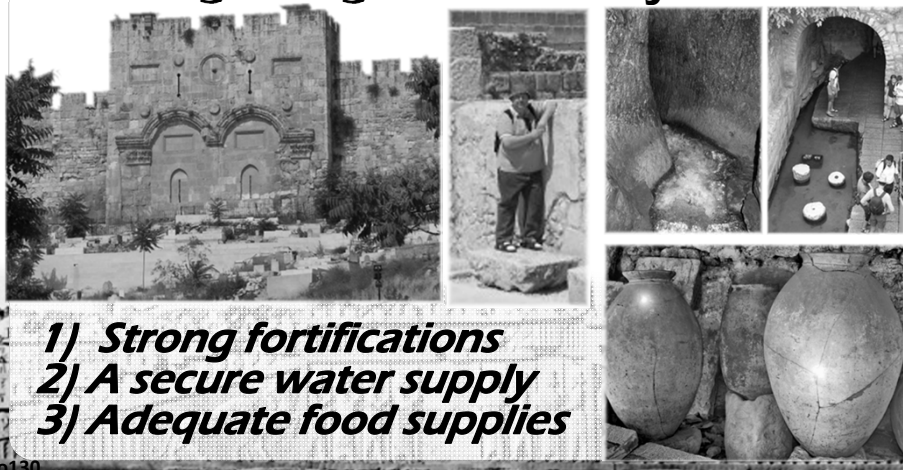
What did Assyrians commonly do with the leaders of defeated people and why?



They were tortured and mutilated as grim reminders for the penalties of rebellion.

#103

What were the three keys of resisting a siege successfully?

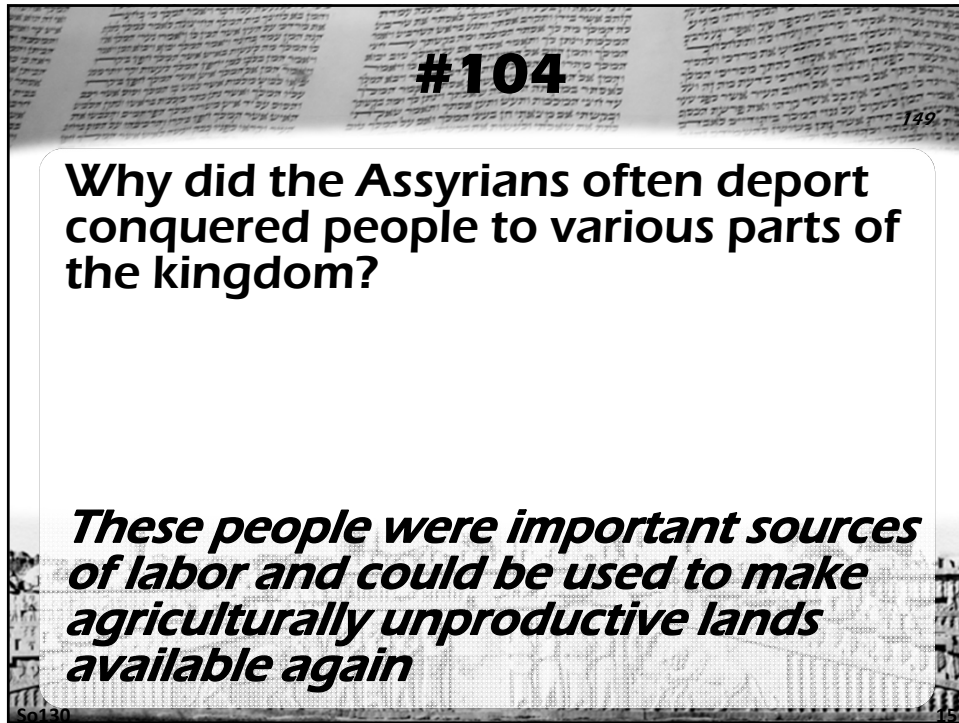


- 1) *Strong fortifications*
- 2) *A secure water supply*
- 3) *Adequate food supplies*

#104

Why did the Assyrians often deport conquered people to various parts of the kingdom?

These people were important sources of labor and could be used to make agriculturally unproductive lands available again



#105


Which Assyrian King's death marked the beginning of the end for Assyria?

Ashurbanipal.



#106

Who took the throne of Babylon upon the death of his father that marked the beginning of a new empire: the Neo-Babylonian Empire?




Nebuchadnezzar.

So130

#107

Which book was recovered in the temple during Josiah's efforts?



The book of the law

So130

#108

During who's campaign do historians believe Daniel and his three friends were taken into captivity?



Nebuchadnezzar

So130

#109

What year did Judah eventually fall to Babylon?



586 B.C.E.

So130