

HABAKKUK - "EMBRACE, OR EMBRACER"

Audience: Judah

Historical Setting:

After the death of Josiah king (609 B.C.), the spiritual conditions of the people in Judah rapidly degenerated. Wickedness, injustice, and disregard of the law (1:3-4) came to characterize the moral attitudes and actions of the Judeans.

Although Egypt's Pharaoh Necho challenged the ascendancy of the Babylonians, he was defeated at Carchemish in 605 B.C. Nebuchadnezzar then advance against Palestine to secure the newly won territory of Judah. His destruction of Jerusalem and exile of the people fulfilled the predictions of Jeremiah and Habakkuk.

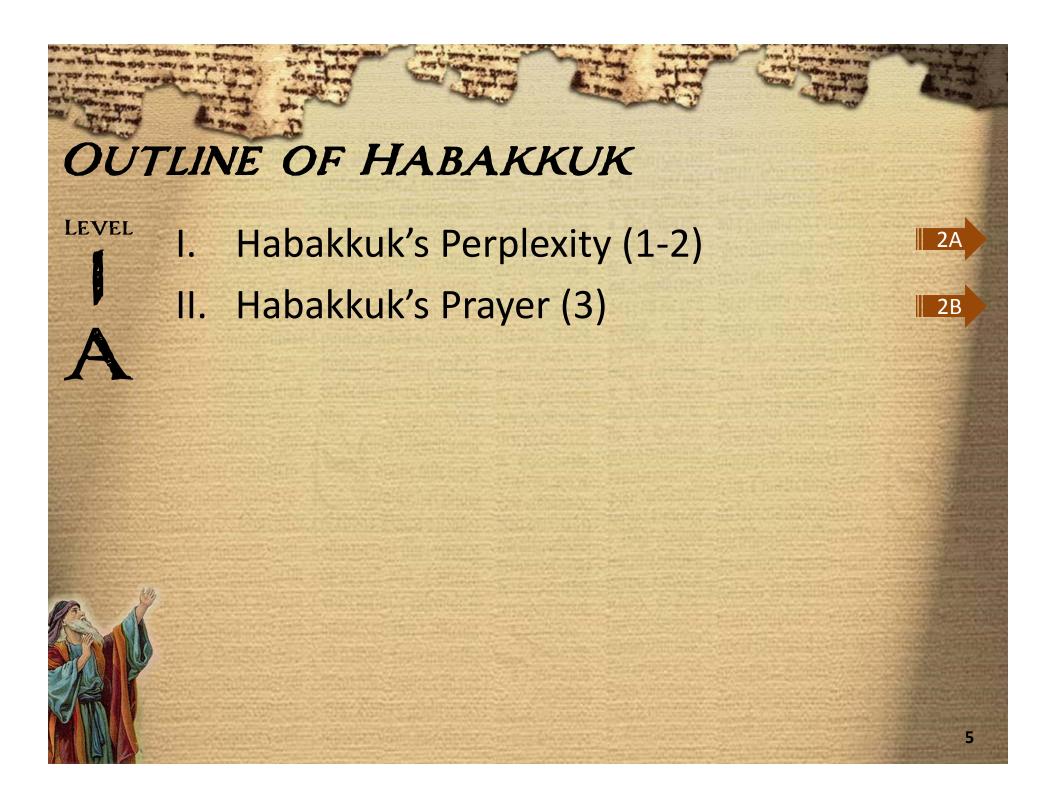
Purpose

Habakkuk is intended to provide comfort and hope during one of the darkest periods of Israel's history. Although God would judge, He would "remember mercy" (3:2). The book also deals with the moral dilemma of how a holy God could allow a wicked enemy nation to punish a people more righteous than itself (1:13).

Theology

Habakkuk sets forth the principle of faith righteousness, a theme developed in the NT (Rom. 1:17, Gal. 3:11, Heb. 10:38).







LEVEL

2

A. Superscription (1:1)

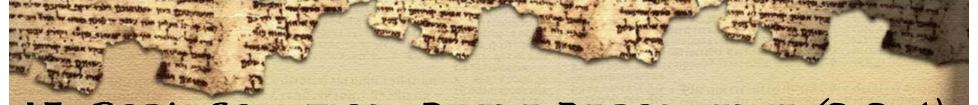
B. Perplexity: Judah's Unpunished Iniquity (1:2-4)

A

- C. God's Solution: Chaldean judgment (1:5-11)
- D. Perplexity: God's use of a wicked instrument (1:12-2:1
- E. God's Solution: Divine Recompense (2:2-4)
- F. The Taunt-Song against the Chaldeans (2:5-20)

3B

| 3A



I.E. GOD'S SOLUTION: DIVINE RECOMPENSE (2:2-4)

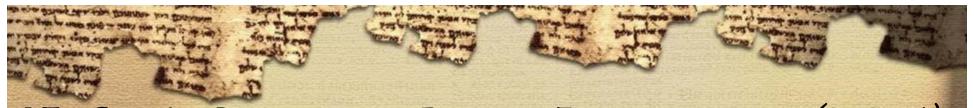
LEVEL

3

- i. Preparation to record the vision (2:3)
- ii. Characterization of the wicked (4:a-b)
- A iii. Preservation of the righteous (4c)

The upright person living in reliance upon God will be preserved, whereas the proud and wicked shall perish!

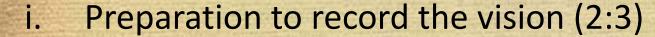




I.E. GOD'S SOLUTION: DIVINE RECOMPENSE (2:2-4)

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iii. Preservation of the righteous (4c)

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Habakkuk and Paul
The same message, but two points of emphasis

The man justified by faith <u>lives</u>

The Justified man lives by faith.





LEVEL

B

Woe to him ...

First Woe (6-8)

Theft – lust of control

Second Woe (9-11) Greed – unjust gain

iii. Third Woe (12-14)

Violence

iv. Fourth Woe (15-17) Drunkenness

corrupting others

v. Fifth Woe (18-20)

Idolatry



II. HABAKKUK'S PRAYER (3)

LEVEL

2

B

- A. Superscription (3:1)
- B. Habakkuk's Petition(3:2)
 - i. God's work among His people (2a)
 - ii. God's mercy in judgment (2b)
- C. The splendor of God's appearing (3:3-4)
- D. The Effects of God's Appearance (3:5-15)
 - i. God's judgment on the nations (3:5-12)
 - ii. Salvation of God's people (3:13-15)
- E. Response of Habakkuk

3C

II.E. RESPONSE OF HABAKKUK'(3:16-19)

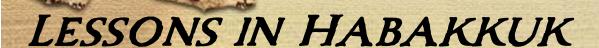
LEVEL

3

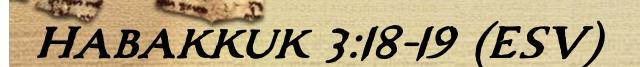
- i. Fear (16)
- ii. Praise (17-19)
 - a. The ruin of Judah (17)
 - b. The exultation in Yahweh (18)
 - c. The confidence in God's strength (19)



3C



- There is nothing wrong with having doubts (1:2-4)
- God may use the wicked to accomplish his purposes (1:6)
- The sovereignty of God in using a wicked instrument does not annul human responsibility (2:4-20).
- God will not lead us into a trial without providing the device enablement to endure it (3:19)



¹⁸YET I WILL REJOICE IN THE LORD; I WILL TAKE JOY IN THE GOD OF MY SALVATION.

¹⁹God, The Lord, is my strength;
HE MAKES MY FEET LIKE THE DEER'S;
HE MAKES ME TREAD ON MY HIGH PLACES.
TO THE CHOIRMASTER:

WITH STRINGED INSTRUMENTS.