

Our Study Lies Between Two Poles • The First we see in Isaiah 6:1-13 We respond to this with a conviction that the individual had words from God that were urgent, for people then and there.

• The Second we see in Malachi 4:4-6 We respond to this by seeing the word as a collection of the prophets words for the benefit of new generations well beyond their own time, right down to us who still read them and are challenged by them.

There is a Dilemma Between These

- Some tease us with the promise of an introduction to the prophets as real people who ultimately elude us.
- Some studies focus so much on the book in the guise of tradition or the final form that we loose the prophet altogether.
- Some regard the prophetic figures as the fictitious creation of the writers or communities who created the books.

But maybe that's not a problem

These are simply an inevitable part of the study.

- Both poles must be respected.
 - The book because it is a part of the canonical literature
 - And the prophet because his God given message is the controlling idea in the book.

BUT, WHAT IS A PROPHET ?

IS IT LIKE A PRIEST ?

A Priest ...

- Was an intermediary between man and God.
- Sacrifices were given to and offered with the assistance of the Priest.
- Only the High Priest could go into the Holy of Holies, and make sacrifice for the people – and that could only be done after he has offere for himself.
- Priests were descendants of Aaron.

The Prophet ...

- Was an interface between God and man.
- The prophet was a mouthpiece conveying the message of God to man.
- The prophets could be any occupation, and were both male and female.
- Typically they had a verbal ministry to a small set of people and it is recorded that there were as many as 200000 at one time.
- The Bible records for us the names of 55 prophets of which 7 were female

The Writing Prophets

- Only a small subset of the prophets ever had their messages written down.
 - There were 3(4) prophets that wrote LONG, or major books.
 - There were 12 prophets that wrote SHORT, or minor books. These books are not less important than the majors, they are just shorter.
- Within our Christian canon, we have grouped an additional author into the major prophets but we can / will discuss that further later.